# Title:

Demographic shift in COVID-19 patients in Singapore from an aged, at-risk population to young migrant workers with reduced risk of severe disease

# Orientation Statement:

This paper examined trends in hospitalized cases of COVID-19 and tested the assumption that the low severity of disease in those cases was related to the relatively young age of the affected population.

# Claim:

Migrant worker cases were younger, had few medical comorbidities and less severe disease. As the migrant worker cases increased, the proportion of patients with pneumonia decreased, whilst patients presenting earlier in their illness and asymptomatic disease became more common.

Changes:

* Add content
* Masking
* Polarity shift